



ENRIQUE IGOA

SONATA DE JUVENTUD
(YOUTH SONATA)

Piano

Madrid, 2008

FICHA DE OBRA

Título: **Sonata de juventud**

Año/s: **1972 (Rev.: 2008)**

Duración: **8' 45"**

Plantilla: **piano**

TECHNICAL DATA

Title: **Youth Sonata**

Years: **1972 (Rev.: 2008)**

Lasting time: **8' 45"**

Organic: **piano**

NOTA: la obra es una revisión con otro título de una obra de juventud no incluida en el Catálogo numérico, compuesta en 1972 y titulada **Balada nº 1**.

NOTE: the work is a revision with another title of a youth piece not included in my numerical Catalog, composed in 1972 and titled **Balada No. 1**.

COMENTARIO

La obra original de la cual nace esta *Sonata de juventud* fue escrita con catorce años, cuando apenas llevaba dos años estudiando piano, al tiempo que escribía mis primeras creaciones. No hace falta decir que la influencia más clara en esta pieza en particular es la de Liszt, con toda su retórica heroica, lírica, mística y dramática, asumiendo además la técnica de la transformación temática tan habitual en este compositor. Esto permite derivar gran parte del material melódico del tema principal (cc. 28 y ss.), del cual sale por inversión irregular, por ejemplo, el tema secundario (cc. 66 y ss.), así como otros materiales posteriores. El estilo general, por tanto, es claramente tonal y formalmente claro, sin más pretensiones que ofrecer una obra de concierto que evoca el gran mundo del piano romántico.

COMMENTARY

The original work from which this *Youth Sonata* was born was written when I was fourteen, when I had barely two years of piano studies, at the same time as I was writing my first compositions. Needless to say, the clearest influence on this particular piece is that of Liszt, with all his heroic, lyrical, mystical, and dramatic rhetoric, also adopting the technique of thematic transformation so common to this composer. This allows to derive much of the melodic material from the main theme (bar 28 ff.), from which, for example, the secondary theme (bar 66 ff.) emerges by irregular inversion, as well as other further materials. The overall style, therefore, is clearly tonal and formally clear, with no other pretensions than to offer a concert work that evokes the great world of Romantic piano.

Sonata de juventud

Enrique Igoa

Tempo I (♩ = 66)

Piano

First system of the musical score for the first movement. The treble clef staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes. The bass clef staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with sustained notes. A crescendo hairpin leads to a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Second system of the musical score. The treble clef staff continues the melodic development with various articulations and dynamics, including mezzo-forte (*mf*) and piano (*p*). The bass clef staff continues with sustained accompaniment. A box containing the number 7 is located at the beginning of the system.

Third system of the musical score. The treble clef staff features a melodic line with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The bass clef staff includes a sixteenth-note triplet marked with a '6' and a piano (*p*) dynamic. A box containing the number 12 is located at the beginning of the system.

Tempo II (♩ = 80)

Fourth system of the musical score, marking the beginning of the second movement. The treble clef staff has a melodic line with a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic. The bass clef staff features a dense, rhythmic accompaniment of chords. A box containing the number 16 is located at the beginning of the system.

Fifth system of the musical score. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff maintains the dense chordal accompaniment. A box containing the number 22 is located at the beginning of the system.

28 *mp*

p *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *simile*

34

39 *mf*

un poco rubato e meno mosso

45 *p*

p *p* *p* *p* *p* *p*

51 *f* *p*

p *p*

un poco rubato e meno mosso

53

p *p* *p* *p* *p*

60

rit. - - - - -

p *p* *p* *p* *p*

Tempo III (♩ = 66)

64

p *mp*

p *p* *simile*

70

pocchis. rit. - - - A tempo *pocchis. rit.*

p *mp*

75

A tempo *pocchis. rit.*

f *mf* *mp* *p*

80 *f*

84 *pocchis. rit. ----- A tempo*

88 *pocchis. rit. A tempo* *ff* *f*

92 *pocchis. rit. Tempo II (♩ = 80)* *mp* *ff* *p*

97

101

107

un poco rubato e meno mosso

p *p*

mp

112

un poco rubato e meno mosso

p *f* *m.i.* *m.d.* *m.i.*

mp *mf* *f* *p* *p* *p*

118

rit. - - - A tempo

f

m.i. *m.d.* *m.i.*

p *p* *p* *p* *p* *p*

124

130

136

141

rit. ----- A tempo

mf *mp* *mf*

A tempo *rit. ----- A tempo* *(un poco rubato e meno mosso hasta c. 188)*

145 *mp* *p*

misterioso, mágico

150 *pp*

156

156

162

f

162

f

168

p

168

p

174

A tempo

pocchis. rit.

174

A tempo

pocchis. rit.

180

rit.

180

rit.

Tempo III (♩ = 66)

185 *p*

191 *molto rit.*

Tempo I (♩ = 66)

196 *p mp p poco accel.*

202

Tempo II (♩ = 80)

206 *ff* *ff mp*

simile

PT

215 *mf* *mf*

PT

223 *f* *f*

simile

PT

228

233 *p subito*

p

Tempo III (♩ = 66)

mf

239

molto rit.

A tempo

243 *fff*

fff *p* *p* *simile*

rit. ----- A tempo

247

rit. ----- A tempo

251

f

Tempo II (♩ = 80)

Poco più rapido

257

ff *mp*

A tempo

263

f m.d. m.i. m.i.

268

m.d.

m.i.

m.i.

272

m.i.

m.i.

f sempre

276

280

284

ff ritenuto fino al tempo

A tempo

3

3

m.i.

fff